

Research-Tested Intervention Programs (RTIPs)

■ RTIPs – Moving From Research to Programs for People

Research-Tested Intervention Programs (RTIPs) (<https://rtips.cancer.gov>) is a searchable database of cancer control interventions and program materials. It is designed to provide program planners and public health practitioners easy and immediate access to research-tested materials. This online directory provides a review of programs available for use in a community or clinical setting.

Key Features

- Full program summaries, including ‘About the Study’ section, program scoring, and related publications.
- User Review Feedback: If you have used an RTIPs program, we would appreciate if you could share your feedback to help us have a better understanding of how evidence-based programs are being adapted and implemented. Visit the RTIPs website, select the program of your choice and select the ‘User Review’ feature to provide the feedback.
- Interventions that have been reviewed by an expert panel and associated program materials that are available at no cost on CD or through dissemination by the developer.
- Putting Public Health Evidence in Action: This online interactive training curriculum developed by the Cancer Prevention and Control Research Network (CPCRN) supports community program planners and health educators in developing skills in using evidence-based approaches.
- Links to the *Guide to Community Preventive Services* that provide recommendations for intervention approaches that promote population health.



Criteria for Program Submission

We are interested in continuing to add to the listing of the evidence-based programs on the RTIPs website. The criteria is as follows:

- Intervention outcome finding(s) must be published in a peer-reviewed journal.
- The study must have produced one or more positive behavioral and/or psychosocial outcomes ($p \leq .05$) among individuals, communities, or populations.
- Evidence of these outcomes has been demonstrated in at least one study using an experimental or quasi-experimental design. Experimental designs require random assignment, a control or comparison group, and pre- and post-intervention assessments. Quasi-experimental designs do not require random assignment, but do require a comparison or control group and pre- and post-intervention assessments. Studies that are based on single-group, pre-/post-test designs do not meet this requirement.
- The intervention must have messages, materials, and/or other components that include English and can be disseminated in a U.S. community or clinical setting.
- The intervention has been conducted within the past 10 years.

Featured Program Areas

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| ■ Breast Cancer Screening | ■ HPV Vaccination | ■ Prostate Cancer Screening | ■ Tobacco Control |
| ■ Cervical Cancer Screening | ■ Informed Decision Making | ■ Public Health Genomics | |
| ■ Colorectal Cancer Screening | ■ Obesity | ■ Sun Safety | |
| ■ Diet/Nutrition | ■ Physical Activity | ■ Survivorship/Supportive Care | |

Program Review Process

Interventions are scored on the following criteria: research integrity, intervention impact, and dissemination capability, as well as reach, effectiveness, adoption, and implementation (RE-AIM). Once reviewed, programs are posted on the RTIPs website, and associated materials are made available for use. For more information on evidence-based program reviews, read the RTIPs Submission and Review Process: A Guide for Program Developers (<https://rtips.cancer.gov/rtips/reviewProcess.do>).

The RTIPs website as well as other data and resources can be found on Cancer Control P.L.A.N.E.T. (Plan, Link, Act, Network with Evidence-based Tools). For more information about Cancer Control P.L.A.N.E.T., visit <https://cancercontrolplanet.cancer.gov>.